2022 MID-ATLANTIC CONFERENCE 10th ANNUAL CURRENT CONCEPTS IN VASCULAR THERAPIES



APRIL 28-30

Hilton Virginia Beach Oceanfront Virginia Beach, Virginia



CEPHALIC VEIN THROMBOSIS

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Open Arch Reconstruction

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Disclosures

- Medical Consultant
 - Edwards Lifesciences
 - Medtronic
 - Paragonix

Objectives

- Indications for Open Arch Reconstruction
- Principles of Open Arch Reconstruction
- Traditional Open Arch Reconstruction
- Open Arch Reconstruction in the modern era
- Review of cases of Open Arch Reconstruction



Open Arch Reconstruction: Indications

- Aneurysmal disease
 - Involving arch, proximal descending
- Dissection
 - Tear involving arch, proximal descending
 - Dissection involving arch, proximal descending



Open Arch Reconstruction: Concepts

- Operation performed on CPB with DHCA
 - Cannulation, cerebral protection strategy
 - Any other concomitant necessary procedures
- Plan for arch vessels
 - Formal debranching, reimplantation
- Plan for distal arch/descending
 - Location to place distal graft, distal graft length

Open Arch Reconstruction: Operation

- Arch vessel dissection pre CPB
- Cannulation and commencement of CPB
- Cardioplegic arrest and cooling
- Perform proximal/concomitant procedures
- DHCA with ACP for FET (+/- IVUS)
- Rewarm and complete proximal anastomosis

Traditional Open Arch Reconstruction

• Elephant Trunk



Modern Open Arch Reconstruction

• Frozen Elephant Trunk





- 78F with worsening dyspnea on exertion
 - Workup revealed severe AI on echocardiogram
 - Further workup revealed root, ascending/proximal arch aneurysm
 - Referred to CTS clinic for definitive repair

















- Intraoperative findings
 - Severe AI from 5.7cm aortic aneurysm, effacement of STJ
 - Largest point of aneurysm distal ascending
 - Aneurysm continued into mid-arch

- Total Arch Replacement with debranching, FET
 - 21mm bioprosthetic AVR root conduit
 - 30mm graft for arch reconstruction
 - Debranching
 - Direct reimplant of the SCA
 - 14mm for innominate, 7mm LCCA
 - 40mm x 10cm thoracic stent graft for FET

- Total Arch Replacement with debranching, FET
 - CPB 273m
 - XC 178m
 - DHCA @ 18C with ACP 53m

- Closed, 5FFP, 3 plts
- Discharged POD 14









- Plan for followup
 - Continued surveillance
 - Option for extending TEVAR if necessary

- 67M with sudden onset neck/arm pain
 - History of robotic MV repair
 - Known ascending aortic aneurysm
 - CTA Type A dissection from coronaries into femorals
 - Cool left lower extremity without fem/distal pulses



- Intraoperative findings
 - Tear starting in root at level of coronaries
 - Separate tear in lesser curve/underside of the arch
 - Ulcerated distal arch























- Total Arch Replacement with debranching, FET
 - 27mm bioprosthetic AVR root conduit
 - 28mm graft for arch reconstruction
 - Debranching
 - Direct reimplant of the innominate
 - 10mm bifurcated graft for LCCA, SCA
 - 31mm x 15cm thoracic stent graft for FET

- Total Arch Replacement with debranching, FET
 - CPB 357m
 - XC 244m
 - DHCA @ 18C with ACP 48m

- Open, 5RBC, 12FFP, 4 plts, cryo, Factor 7
- Closed POD2, Discharged POD 21









- Plan for followup
 - Surveillance imaging
 - Potential for extending TEVAR if necessary

- 26M s/p Type A repair (root/ascending/hemiarch)
 - Routine 5mo CTA with persistent dissection
 - New tear in mid descending aorta
 - Enlarging 6.3cm distal arch/prox descending aneurysm
 - Admitted from CT scan for workup and urgent repair

















- Intraoperative findings
 - Intact hemiarch anastomosis, no arch tear
 - Small, compressed true lumen

- Total Arch Replacement with debranching, FET
 - 26mm graft for arch reconstruction
 - Debranching
 - Trifurcated 12mm graft with 8mm for LCCA, SCA
 - Direct reimplantation of innominate to 12mm graft
 - 28mm x 15cm thoracic stent graft for FET



- Total Arch Replacement with debranching, FET
 - CPB 282m
 - XC 150m
 - DHCA @ 18C with ACP 88m

- Closed, 7FFP, 4 plts, cryo
- Discharged POD 11









- Plan for Followup
 - Planned TEVAR extension



Summary

- Open Arch Reconstruction for aneurysm/dissection
- FET is largely replacing conventional elephant trunk
- FET is a procedure that can be learned
- FET is a good option for downstream procedures



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